252.223-7005

- (2) Supervisory training to assist in identifying and addressing illegal drug use by Contractor employees;
- (3) Provision for self-referrals as well as supervisory referrals to treatment with maximum respect for individual confidentiality consistent with safety and security issues;
- (4) Provision for identifying illegal drug users, including testing on a controlled and carefully monitored basis. Employee drug testing programs shall be established taking account of the following:
- (i) The Contractor shall establish a program that provides for testing for the use of illegal drugs by employees in sensitive positions. The extent of and criteria for such testing shall be determined by the Contractor based on considerations that include the nature of the work being performed under the contract, the employee's duties, the efficient use of Contractor resources, and the risks to health, safety, or national security that could result from the failure of an employee adequately to discharge his or her position.
- (ii) In addition, the Contractor may establish a program for employee drug testing—
- (A) When there is a reasonable suspicion that an employee uses illegal drugs; or
- (B) When an employee has been involved in an accident or unsafe practice;
- (C) As part of or as a follow-up to counseling or rehabilitation for illegal drug use;
- (D) As part of a voluntary employee drug testing program.
- (iii) The Contractor may establish a program to test applicants for employment for illegal drug use.
- (iv) For the purpose of administering this clause, testing for illegal drugs may be limited to those substances for which testing is prescribed by section 2.1 of subpart B of the "Mandatory Guidelines for Federal Workplace Drug Testing Programs" (53 FR 11980 (April 11 1988)), issued by the Department of Health and Human Services.
- (d) Contractors shall adopt appropriate personnel procedures to deal with employees who are found to be using drugs illegally. Contractors shall not allow any employee to remain on duty or perform in a sensitive position who is found to use illegal drugs until such times as the Contractor, in accordance with procedures established by the Contractor, determines that the employee may perform in such a position.
- (e) The provisions of this clause pertaining to drug testing program shall not apply to the extent they are inconsistent with state or local law, or with an existing collective bargaining agreement; provided that with respect to the latter, the Contractor agrees that those issues that are in conflict will be a subject of negotiation at the next collective bargaining session.

(End of clause)

[57 FR 32737, July 23, 1992]

252.223-7005 Hazardous waste liability.

As prescribed in 223.7002, use the following clause:

HAZARDOUS WASTE LIABILITY (OCT. 1992)

(a) Definitions.

As used in this clause-

- (1) Hazardous waste has the meaning given that term by section 1004(5) of the Solid Waste Disposal Act (42 U.S.C. 6903(5)), except that such term also includes polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB).
- (2) Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB) has the meaning given that term under section 6(e) of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2605(e)).
- (b) Upon receipt of hazardous waste properly characterized pursuant to applicable laws and regulations, the Contractor agrees that it shall reimburse the Government for any penalties assessed against, all liabilities incurred by, costs incurred by, and damages suffered by, the Government that are caused by—
- (1) The Contractor's breach of any term of the contract; or
- (2) Any negligent or willful act or omission of the Contractor or employees of the Contractor, in the performance of the contract.
- (c) Not later than 30 days after the award date of the contract, the Contractor shall demonstrate the ability to reimburse the Government as provided in paragraph (b) of this clause, by providing evidence to the Contracting Officer that—
- (1) The facility has liability insurance meeting the requirements of 40 CFR 264.147;
- (2) The facility meets the financial assurance requirements of 40 CFR 264.147 for sudden and nonsudden accidental occurrences.
- (d) This clause does not apply to—
- (1) Performance of remedial action or corrective action under—
- (i) The Defense Environmental Restoration Program;
- (ii) Other programs or activities of the Department of Defense; or
- (iii) Authorized State hazardous waste programs;
- (2) Disposal of hazardous waste when the generation of such waste is incidental to the performance of the contract: or
- (3) Disposal of ammunition or solid rocket motors.
- (e) The Contractor shall include this clause, including this paragraph (e), in each subcontract under which the subcontractor receives hazardous waste from a defense facility.

Department of Defense

(End of clause)

[57 FR 53601, Nov. 12, 1992; 58 FR 40388, July 28, 1993]

§ 252.223-7006 Prohibition on storage and disposal of toxic and hazardous materials.

As prescribed in 223.7103(a), use the following clause:

PROHIBITION ON STORAGE AND DISPOSAL OF TOXIC AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS (APR. 1993)

- (a) Definitions.
- As used in this clause-
- (1) Storage means a non-transitory, semipermanent or permanent holding, placement, or leaving of material. It does not include a temporary accumulation of a limited quantity of a material used in or a waste generated or resulting from authorized activities, such as servicing, maintenance, or repair of Department of Defense (DoD) items, equipment, or facilities.
 - (2) Toxic or hazardous materials means:
- (i) Materials referred to in section 101(14) of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) of 1980 (42 U.S.C. 9601(14)) and materials designated under section 102 of CERCLA (42 U.S.C. 9602) (40 CFR part 302);
- (ii) Materials that are of an explosive, flammable, or pyrotechnic nature; or
- (iii) Materials otherwise identified by the Secretary of Defense as specified in DoD regulations.
- (b) In accordance with 10 U.S.C. 2692, the Contractor is prohibited from storing or disposing of non-DoD-owned toxic or hazardous materials on a DoD installation, except to the extent authorized by a statutory exception to 10 U.S.C. 2692 or as authorized by the Secretary of Defense or his designee.

ALTERNATE I (NOV 1995)

As prescribed in 223.7103(b), add the following paragraphs (c) and (d) to the basic clause:

- (c) With respect to treatment or disposal authorized pursuant to 10 U.S.C. 2692(b)(9), and notwithstanding any other provision of the contract, the Contractor assumes all financial and environmental responsibility and liability resulting from any treatment or disposal of non-DoD-owned toxic or hazardous materials on a military installation. The Contractor shall indemnify, defend, and hold the Government harmless for all costs, liability, or penalties resulting from the Contractor's treatment or disposal of non-DoD-owned toxic or hazardous materials on a military installation.
- (d) The Contractor shall include this clause, including this paragraph (d), in each

subcontract which requires, may require, or permits a subcontractor to treat or dispose of non-DoD-owned toxic or hazardous materials as defined in this clause.

252.223-7007

[58 FR 28472, May 13, 1993, as amended at 60 FR 13076, Mar. 10, 1995; 60 FR 61601, Nov. 30, 1995]

252.223-7007 Safeguarding sensitive conventional arms, ammunition, and explosives.

As prescribed in 223.7203, use the following clause:

SAFEGUARDING SENSITIVE CONVENTIONAL ARMS, AMMUNITION, AND EXPLOSIVES (FEB 1996)

- (a) Definition.
- "Arms, ammunition, and explosives (AA&E)," as used in this clause, means those items within the scope (chapter 1, paragraph B) of DoD 5100.76-M, Physical Security of Sensitive Conventional Arms, Ammunition, and Explosives.
- (b) The requirements of DoD 5100.76-M apply to the following items of AA&E being developed, produced, manufactured, or purchased for the Government, or provided to the Contractor as Government-furnished property under this contract:

Nomenclature	National stock number	Sensitivity category

- (c) The Contractor shall comply with the requirements of DoD 5100.76-M, as specified in the statement of work. The edition of DoD 5100.76-M in effect on the date of issuance of the solicitation for this contract shall apply.
- (d) The Contractor shall allow representatives of the Defense Investigative Service (DIS), and representatives of other appropriate offices of the Government, access at all reasonable times into its facilities and those of its subcontractors, for the purpose of performing surveys, inspections, and investigations necessary to review compliance with the physical security standards applicable to this contract.
- (e) The Contractor shall notify the cognizant DIS field office of any subcontract involving AA&E within 10 days after award of the subcontract.
- (f) The Contractor shall ensure that the requirements of this clause are included in all subcontracts, at every tier—
- (1) For the development, production, manufacture, or purchase of AA&E; or
- (2) When AA&E will be provided to the subcontractor as Government-furnished property.

49